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19	Attorneys for Plaintiff,						
20							
20	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT						
21	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA						
22							
	KECIA FRENCH, INDIVIDUALLY	Case No.: <u>'13CV0233 JAH KSC</u>					
23	AND ON BEHALF OF ALL OTHERS SIMILARLY SITUATED,	CLASS ACTION					
24	SIMILARLI SITUATED,	CLINDS HETTON					
^ -	Plaintiffs, COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES AN						
25		INJUNCTIVE RELIEF PURSUANT TO THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER					
,	v.	PROTECTION ACT, 47 U.S.C. § 227, ET					
26	TARCET NATIONAL BANK	SEQ.					
27	1 TARGET NATIONAL BANK,						
	Defendant.	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED					
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Plaintiff Kecia French ("Plaintiff"), on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated, alleges the following upon information and belief based upon personal knowledge:

NATURE OF THE CASE

1. Plaintiff brings this action for herself and others similarly situated seeking damages and any other available legal or equitable remedies resulting from the illegal actions of Target National Bank ("Defendant") in negligently, knowingly, and/or willfully contacting Plaintiff on Plaintiff's cellular telephone in violation of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47. U.S.C. § 227 et seq. ("TCPA"), thereby invading Plaintiff's privacy.

JURISDICTION & VENUE

- 2. Jurisdiction is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2) because Plaintiff, a resident of California, seeks relief on behalf of a Class, which will result in at least one class member belonging to a different state than that of Defendant, a company with its principal place of business in South Dakota State and State of Incorporation in Minnesota State. Plaintiff also seeks up to \$1,500.00 in damages for each call in violation of the TCPA, which, when aggregated among a proposed class in the thousands, exceeds the \$5,000,000.00 threshold for federal court jurisdiction. Therefore, both diversity jurisdiction and the damages threshold under the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005 ("CAFA") are present, and this Court has jurisdiction.
- 3. Venue is proper in the United States District Court for the Southern District of California pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1391(b) and 18 U.S.C. § 1441(a) because Defendant does business within the Southern District of California and Plaintiff resides within the Southern District of California.

PARTIES

- Plaintiff, Kecia French ("Plaintiff"), is a natural person residing in San Diego, 4. California and is a "person" as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 153 (10).
- 5. Defendant, Target National Bank ("Defendant"), is a leader in the consumer financial lending industry funding consumer retail credit accounts for consumers who are patrons of the approximate 1,800 retail establishments throughout 49 states and is a "person" as

defined by 47 U.S.C. § 153 (10).

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FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 6. In or around August of 2005, Plaintiff applied for and ultimately obtained a consumer based credit card from Defendant for the purchases of consumer retail goods which could be used at any Target retail establishment throughout the United States.
- 7. At no time during the August 2005 application process did Plaintiff provide Defendant with her personal cellular telephone number.
- 8. Beginning in or around late 2011, for a variety of personal and financial reasons, Plaintiff began experiencing difficulties in making her monthly credit card payments to Defendant.
- 9. As a result of Plaintiff's financial hardships, Defendant began contacting Plaintiff on her cellular telephone, (858) 822-8381, in an attempt to collect an alleged outstanding debt owed on her Target consumer credit.
- 10. Plaintiff is unaware of how Defendant obtained Plaintiff's cellular telephone number as Plaintiff had never previously provided her cellular telephone number to Defendant at any time for any reason.
- 11. Defendant placed multiple calls a day, often upwards of two (2) to five (5) or more calls in a single day, on a virtual daily basis to Plaintiff's cellular telephone seeking to collect the alleged debt owed.
- 12. Defendant used an "automatic telephone dialing system", as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 227(a)(1) to place its daily calls to Plaintiff seeking to collect the debt allegedly owed.
- 13. Defendant would occasionally leave voicemail messages on Plaintiff's cellular telephone if Plaintiff did not answer Defendant's calls. In some of these messages, Defendant utilized an "artificial or prerecorded voice" as prohibited by 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A).
- 14. Defendant's calls constituted calls that were not for emergency purposes as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A).
- 15. Defendant's calls were placed to telephone number assigned to a cellular telephone service for which Plaintiff incurs a charge for incoming calls pursuant to 47 U.S.C. §

227(b)(1).

- 16. On numerous occasions, Plaintiff would either answer Defendant's call or return Defendant's call and advise Defendant that she did not give Defendant permission to receive calls on her cellular telephone and demanded that Defendant cease placing any and all calls to her personal cellular telephone.
- 17. Despite being notified that Plaintiff did not authorize Defendant to contact her on her cellular telephone and that Plaintiff did not wish to receive any further calls, Defendant nonetheless continued to place calls to Plaintiff's cellular telephone by way of its "automatic telephone dialing system" and/or "artificial or prerecorded voice."
- 18. Plaintiff had never provided her cellular telephone number to Defendant for any purpose whatsoever. Furthermore, Plaintiff repeatedly demanded that Defendant cease placing any and all calls to Plaintiff's cellular telephone. Accordingly, Defendant never received Plaintiff's "prior express consent" to receive calls using an automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or prerecorded voice on her cellular telephone pursuant to $47\ U.S.C.\$ § 227(b)(1)(A).

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

19. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated, as a member of the proposed class (hereafter "The Class") defined as follows:

All persons within the United States who received any telephone calls from Defendant to said person's cellular telephone made through the use of any automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or prerecorded voice and such person had not previously consented to receiving such calls within the four years prior to the filing of this Complaint

20. Plaintiff represents, and is a member of, The Class, consisting of All persons within the United States who received any telephone calls from Defendant to said person's cellular telephone made through the use of any automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or prerecorded voice and such person had not previously not provided their cellular telephone number to Defendant within the four years prior to the filing of this Complaint.

- 21. Defendant, its employees and agents are excluded from The Class. Plaintiff does not know the number of members in The Class, but believes the Class members number in the thousands, if not more. Thus, this matter should be certified as a Class Action to assist in the expeditious litigation of the matter.
- 22. The Class is so numerous that the individual joinder of all of its members is impractical. While the exact number and identities of The Class members are unknown to Plaintiff at this time and can only be ascertained through appropriate discovery, Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that The Class includes thousands of members. Plaintiff alleges that The Class members may be ascertained by the records maintained by Defendant.
- 23. Plaintiff and members of The Class were harmed by the acts of Defendant in at least the following ways: Defendant illegally contacted Plaintiff and Class members via their cellular telephones thereby causing Plaintiff and Class members to incur certain charges or reduced telephone time for which Plaintiff and Class members had previously paid by having to retrieve or administer messages left by Defendant during those illegal calls, and invading the privacy of said Plaintiff and Class members.
- 24. Common questions of fact and law exist as to all members of The Class which predominate over any questions affecting only individual members of The Class. These common legal and factual questions, which do not vary between Class members, and which may be determined without reference to the individual circumstances of any Class members, include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Whether, within the four years prior to the filing of this Complaint, Defendant made any call (other than a call made for emergency purposes or made with the prior express consent of the called party) to a Class member using any automatic telephone dialing system or any artificial or prerecorded voice to any telephone number assigned to a cellular telephone service;
 - b. Whether Plaintiff and the Class members were damages thereby, and the

- extent of damages for such violation; and
- c. Whether Defendant should be enjoined from engaging in such conduct in the future.
- 25. As a person that received numerous calls from Defendant using an automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or prerecorded voice, without Plaintiff's prior express consent, Plaintiff is asserting claims that are typical of The Class.
- 26. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the members of The Class. Plaintiff has retained attorneys experienced in the prosecution of class actions.
- 27. A class action is superior to other available methods of fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy, since individual litigation of the claims of all Class members is impracticable. Even if every Class member could afford individual litigation, the court system could not. It would be unduly burdensome to the courts in which individual litigation of numerous issues would proceed. Individualized litigation would also present the potential for varying, inconsistent, or contradictory judgments and would magnify the delay and expense to all parties and to the court system resulting from multiple trials of the same complex factual issues. By contrast, the conduct of this action as a class action presents fewer management difficulties, conserves the resources of the parties and of the court system, and protects the rights of each Class member.
- 28. The prosecution of separate actions by individual Class members would create a risk of adjudications with respect to them that would, as a practical matter, be dispositive of the interests of the other Class members not parties to such adjudications or that would substantially impair or impede the ability of such non-party Class members to protect their interests.
- 29. Defendant has acted or refused to act in respects generally applicable to The Class, thereby making appropriate final and injunctive relief with regard to the members of the California Class as a whole.

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FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Negligent Violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act

47 U.S.C. §227 et seq.

- 30. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference into this cause of action the allegations set forth above at Paragraphs 1-29.
- 31. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendant constitute numerous and multiple negligent violations of the TCPA, including but not limited to each and every one of the above cited provisions of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq.
- 32. As a result of Defendant's negligent violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq., Plaintiff and the Class Members are entitled an award of \$500.00 in statutory damages, for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B).
- 33. Plaintiff and the Class members are also entitled to and seek injunctive relief prohibiting such conduct in the future.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

Knowing and/or Willful Violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act 47 U.S.C. §227 et seq.

- 34. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference into this cause of action the allegations set forth above at Paragraphs 1-33.
- 35. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendant constitute numerous and multiple knowing and/or willful violations of the TCPA, including but not limited to each and every one of the above cited provisions of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq.
- 36. As a result of Defendant's knowing and/or willful violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq., Plaintiff and the Class members are entitled an award of \$1,500.00 in statutory damages, for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B) and 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(C).
- 37. Plaintiff and the Class members are also entitled to and seek injunctive relief prohibiting such conduct in the future.

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1	PRAYER FOR RELIEF			
2	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff requests judgment against Defendant for the following:			
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4	FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION			
5	Negligent Violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act			
6	47 U.S.C. §227 et seq.			
7	• As a result of Defendant's negligent violations of 47 U.S.C. §227(b)(1),			
8	Plaintiff and the Class members are entitled to and request \$500 in statutory			
9	damages, for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. $227(b)(3)(B)$.			
10	• Any and all other relief that the Court deems just and proper.			
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12	SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION			
13	Knowing and/or Willful Violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act			
14	47 U.S.C. §227 et seq.			
15	• As a result of Defendant's willful and/or knowing violations of 47 U.S.C			
16	$\S 227(b)(1)$, Plaintiff and the Class members are entitled to and request treble			
17	damages, as provided by statute, up to \$1,500, for each and every violation			
18	pursuant to 47 <i>U.S.C.</i> $\S 227(b)(3)(B)$ and 47 <i>U.S.C.</i> $\S 227(b)(3)(C)$.			
19	 Any and all other relief that the Court deems just and proper. 			
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22	Respectfully Submitted this 29th day of January, 2013.			
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24	LAW OFFICES OF TODD M. FRIEDMAN, P.C.			
25	Dec. /s/Ts IIM Fris Inc.			
26	By: <u>/s/ Todd M. Friedman</u> Todd M. Friedman			
27	Law Offices of Todd M. Friedman Attorney for Plaintiff			
28	Thomas To Thankin			